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Viktor Pashynskyi, Prof., ScD, **Mykola Pashynskyi**, PhD, **Viktor Darienko**, Assoc. Prof., PhD tech. sci.
Central Ukrainian National Technical University, Kropyvnytskyi, Ukraine,

Metrological Control of Technical Characteristics Evaluation of Building Materials and Products

The problem of assessing the possible relative errors of the technical characteristics of building materials when testing samples of the correct geometric shape has been solved.

The work is based on the theory of errors and on the method of linearization of functions of random variables. The technical characteristics of the materials are determined by the equations of indirect measurements through the input parameters, directly measured during the tests with known level of accuracy. Linearization of the equations of indirect measurement allowed to obtain dependences for determining the standard and probable relative errors of determining the average density, humidity, water absorption and compressive strength of building materials. Samples of the correct geometric shape of the following types are considered: cube, parallelepiped, circular cylinder. The input values of the obtained formulas are the size and weight of the samples, as well as the destructive force during compression. The accuracy of direct measurement of these values is determined by the values of division of the corresponding measuring instruments. The obtained formulas give possible relative errors of indirect measurements of the analyzed technical characteristics corresponding to the given two-way security level. The use of the obtained formulas allows you to reasonably choose the means for measuring the input parameters that provide the necessary accuracy of the results of determining the technical characteristics with the maximum ease of performing the measurements. The method for assessing the accuracy and the choice of measuring instruments for measuring the size and mass of samples is illustrated by an example of determining the average density of a mortar based on the results of testing cubic samples of different sizes.

The results of the study can be used in the experimental determination of the analyzed technical characteristics of building materials of other types, as well as extended to assess the accuracy of other technical characteristics, which are determined by indirect methods.

building materials, technical characteristics, testing of materials, probable errors

Одержано (Received) 24.11.2021

Прорецензовано (Reviewed) 10.12.2022

Прийнято до друку (Approved) 31.03.2022